Documentation for Wordpress Theme

Getting started

Theme installation

Requirements

- PHP 5.2.7+
- PHP Multibyte String support
- PHP JSON support
- PHP DOM XML support

Upload via ftp:

1. Unzip the **theme archive** file to any folder on your hard drive.
2. Upload the **theme** folder to the server (to the **/wp-content/themes/** directory).

Upload via Wordpress admin:

1. Login to your Wordpress admin panel (add /wp-admin after your domain name in the browser address bar)
2. Now go to **Appearance**
3. Select the **Add New Themes** option
4. Click **Add new**
5. And upload your **theme archive** file

Installing WordPress http://codex.wordpress.org/Installing_WordPress

Theme activation

Once you have uploaded the theme, activate your theme in **Appearance > Themes**.
Using Themes http://codex.wordpress.org/Using_Themes

Second method to install demo data - SQL dump file installation

ATTENTION: Importing the SQL file to your database will overwrite your existing content and website settings. DO NOT import the SQL file if you want to keep the existing content

To make your WordPress look like our live demo please, follow the instructions bellow.

1. Install the template by following the directions

2. Then, copy and unzip files from the folder "plugins" to the **/wp-content/plugins/** folder or use the admin panel **Dashboard > Plugins > Add new > Upload** and select your plugin.

3. Copy "**uploads**" folder to **/wp-content** folder.

4. Import the dump file (***.sql) via **phpMyAdmin** or some other database management tool.
   Important: before importing dump, please replace all **your_website_url_here** occurrences inside sql file with necessary domain url (no slash in the end).
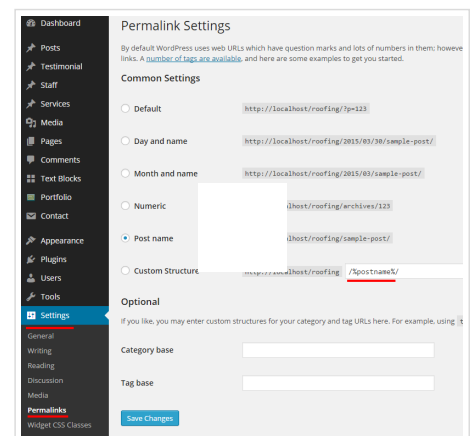   Eg.: your_website_url_here -> http://mysite.org/new

Permalinks settings

In this template the Permalinks are used, the standard paths of **http://demolink.org/?p=1** are replaced with **http://demolink.org/home**. This way of links configuration can be used by not only our blog followers but will help in SEO-optimisation as well. The effectiveness and main features of this link configuration method are revealed here - http://codex.wordpress.org/Using_Permalinks

Please follow the steps below:

1. Log in to your WordPress Administration Panel (Dashboard).

2. Click the **Settings**

3. That done, click **Permalinks**

4. In permalinks settings please select **Custom structure**, after that copy and past the following settings **/%postname%/**

5. With that done, click the **Save changes** button.

If you install the theme with the dump.sql file the settings will be configured automatically. However even in this case you still need to save the current settings by clicking **Save changes**.
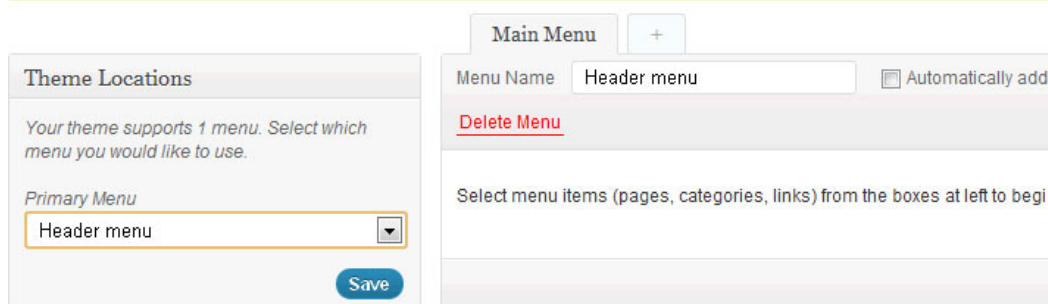
Menu setup

WordPress comes with a menu management panel, which makes building your sites navigation very easy and flexible.

This theme is registered with one menu location:

- Header Menu - in Header

For more info on how to setup your menu in wp, see http://codex.wordpress.org/Appearance_Menus_SubPanel

Page Templates and Sidebars

Page Templates

- **Blog**
  The page template for blog(main column and right sidebar). Outputs **posts** (with pagination) in the main column. Right sidebar contains useful widgets.
- **Fullwidth**
  Single column layout with maximum width of **1170px**.
- **Portfolio**
  Displays image galleries from the **portfolio** content type. Has built-in js filtering and popup.
- **Right Sidebar**
  Outputs page with Secondary Sidebar widget on the right.

Widget positions

- **Sidebar** - *blog pages*
- **Sidebar Secondary** - *on right sidebar page template.*
- **Footer blocks** - *on all pages*

Posts and Categories

Adding category

Review the following link for more info on adding categories: http://codex.wordpress.org/Manage_Categories_SubPanel
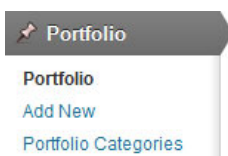

1. Log in to your WordPress Administration Panel (Dashboard).
2. Click the **Post** tab
3. That done, click **Categories** for blog posts
4. Type in the name of your new category
5. With that done, click the **Add New Category** button

Creating a blog post

1. Log in to your WordPress Administration Panel (Dashboard).
2. Click the **Posts** tab
3. And click the **Add New** tab
4. Type in your post content. For more info on adding posts, please review the following link
   http://codex.wordpress.org/Posts_Add_New_SubPanel
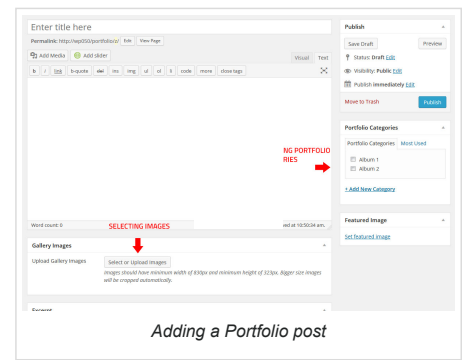5. And finally click the **Publish** button

Adding a Portfolio post

Portfolio items are essentially custom post types http://codex.wordpress.org/Post_Types#Custom_Types. which means that they are different from common posts, such as blog posts, Portfolio posts etc. That allows us to manage the content of the site really easy.

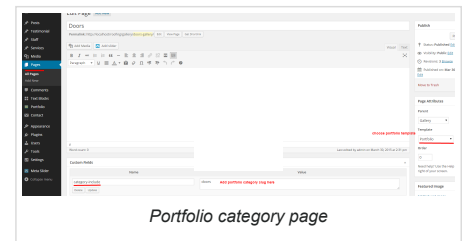1. Log in to your WordPress Administration Panel (Dashboard).

2. Click the **Portfolio** tab

3. And now the **Add New** one

4. Fill in all the required fields (**title**, **content**)

5. Upload your image with the **Gallery Image metabox**

6. The following options are available for a porfolio post:

   - **lightbox-url** - path to the large image. Once clicked it'll pop up with the help of **prettyPhoto**

7. And push the **Publish** button

Adding a Portfolio post

Creating a Portfolio page

Portfolio pages can be created with the help of page templates

1. Log in to your WordPress Administration Panel (Dashboard).

2. Click the **Pages** tab

3. Click the **Add New** tab

4. Type in your page name, for example **Portfolio page**

5. Select your page template (**Portfolio** in the **Page Attributes** drop-down menu)

6. With that done, click the **Publish** button

Portfolio category page

> **Note: Please do not post any content to the editor field if you use one of the pages pattern.**

Shortcodes

Shortcode is a powerful content building tool http://codex.wordpress.org/Shortcode.
Shortcodes are easy to use.

In this theme the following shortcodes are available:

Wrappers, columns & functional elements.
Based on the Bootstrap v3 framework.

- **Container** - wraps content with container class
  <u>Arguments</u>: class (additional css class of the element)
  <u>Usage</u>: [container] container content [/container]
  <u>HTML Output</u>:

  ```
  <div class="container">container content</div>
  ```

- **Row** - wraps content with row class
  <u>Arguments</u>: class (additional css class of the element)
  <u>Usage</u>: [row] row content [/row]
  <u>HTML Output</u>:

  ```
  <div class="row">row content</div>
  ```

- **Columns** - add bootstrap classes to make grid layout
  <u>Arguments</u>: class* (css class of the element, *multiple implementation is allowed*)
  <u>Usage</u>: [column class="col-sm-6 col-md-4"] column content [/column]
  <u>HTML Output</u>:

  ```
  <div class="col-sm-6 col-md-4">column content</div>
  ```

- **Semantic columns** - columns with logical names, though based on the same bootstrap css grid system
  Arguments: class (css class of the element, *multiple implementation is allowed*)
  Variants: [one_half] 50% width column [/one_half] [one_fourth class="col-mid"] 25% width column [/one_fourth] [one_fourth] 25% width column [/one_fourth]
  Allowed items:[one_half], [one_third], [two_third], [one_fourth], [three_fourth], [one_sixth], [five_sixth]
  HTML Output:

```
<div class="col-sm-6">50% width column</div>
<div class="col-sm-3">25% width column</div>
<div class="col-sm-3">25% width column</div>
```

- **List** - wraps unordered list with div and configurable class for easier styling
  Arguments: class (css class of the element, *multiple implementation is allowed*)
  Variants: [list class='bullets'] unordered list items here [/list]
  HTML Output:

```
<div class="list bullets">
  <ul>
    <li>list item 01</li>
    <li>list item 02</li>
    <li>list item 03</li>
    <li>......</li>
  </ul>
</div>
```

- **Wrapper** - wraps content with div and configurable class for easier styling
  Arguments: class (css class of the element, *multiple implementation is allowed*)
  Variants: [wrapper class='wrap-info'] ... any content ... [/wrapper]
  HTML Output:

```
<div class="wrapper wrap-info">
   ... any content ...
</div>
```

- **Clear[1]** - functional element to prevent content from floating
  Arguments: none
  Usage: [clear]
  HTML Output:

```
<div class="clear"></div>
```

- **Spacer[1]** - functional element to add extra spacing between parapgraphs
  Arguments: none
  Usage: ... content... [spacer] ... content...
  HTML Output:

```
content <div class="spacer"></div> content
```

- 1 - no closing is needed
  * = required

Content output

- **Recent Posts** - display specific content based on the configurable parameters
  Arguments:
  - **type** => post type (values: post or any other custom post type; Eg.: testimonials, portfolio)
  - **category** => post type category (category slug)
  - **custom_category** => taxonomy (taxonomy slug)
  - **num** => number of the items to show (values: -1 = all, 1,2,3 etc.)
  - **meta** => whether to show post information (value: true, false)
  - **thumb** => whether to show featured image (value: true, false)
  - **thumb_width** => featured image width in pixels
  - **thumb_height** => featured image width in pixels
  - **more_text_single** => read more button text
  - **excerpt_count** => number of displayed symbols

- **class** => css class of the whole block
- **class_item** => css class of the single post item

Usage: [recent_posts type="services" num="4" meta="true" thumb="true" thumb_width="270" thumb_height="180" excerpt_count="20" more_text_single="read more" class="services-carousel col-sm-12" class_item='post-item']

- **Recent comments** - show post comments
  <u>Arguments</u>:
  - **num** => number of the items to show (values: -1 = all, 1,2,3 etc.)

  <u>Usage</u>: [recent_comments num="2"]

- **Popular Posts** - show most viewed posts
  <u>Arguments</u>:
  - **num** => number of the items to show (values: -1 = all, 1,2,3 etc.)

  <u>Usage</u>: [popular_posts num="2"]

- **Tags** - show post tags
  <u>Arguments</u>: none
  <u>Usage</u>: [tags]

- If you do not specify some of the arguments - default values will be applied.

Plugins and custom widgets

Plugins

The widgests used in the theme are listed below

Contact Form 7
Download: http://wordpress.org/extend/plugins/contact-form-7/
Description: Contact form.

Instant Breadcrumbs
Download: http://wordpress.org/extend/plugins/wp-pagenavi/
Description: Page navigation.

Meta Slider
Download: http://www.metaslider.com
Description: Easy to use slideshow plugin. Create SEO optimised responsive slideshows with Nivo Slider, Flex Slider, Coin Slider and Responsive Slides.

Widgets

The following custom widgets are also used in the theme:

Social Networks
This is the Widget that allows linkage to your social network accounts. The widget contains the following options:

- **Title:** - Widget Title
- **Facebook URL**, **Twitter URL**, **Flickr URL** etc. - the links to your Social Network accounts
- **Display:** the way of icons display.
  - *Icons* - icons only.
  - *Labels* - text only.
  - *Both* - icons and text.

FAQs

How to create Contact Form in WordPress

This video tutorial will show you how to add contact form in WordPress using the Contact Form 7 plugin

Installing Contact Form 7 plugin

1. Open WordPress admin panel
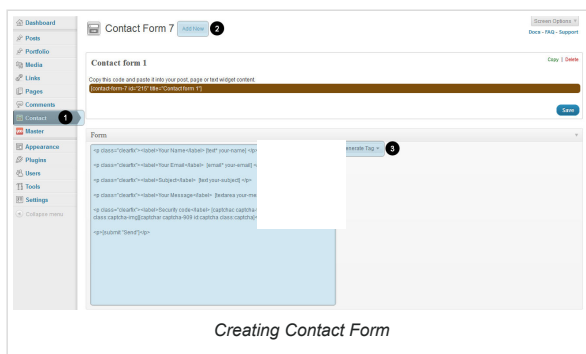2. Go to **Plugins** and click **Add New**

   If you want to search for the plugin and download from the Internet type Contact Form 7 in the search field.
   In case the plugin is included into the template package you ordered click **Upload** link and Browse for the plugin file in the template **sources/plugins** folder.
3. When the plugin is installed click **Activate**.

Creating Contact Form

If the plugin has been installed correctly you should see the Contact tab in the left column. Click it

Creating Contact Form

1. To add New Contact Form click **Add new** button link under the Contact tab.
2. You can also click **Add New** at the top of the screen.
3. In this field input the HTML for tags like `<form>`, `<input>` etc
4. You can also use the tags drop down to add the fields you want.

How to install WordPress plugin (through admin panel)

1. Open WordPress admin panel and go to **Plugins** tab
2. Click **Add New** button at the top.
3. From the top menu select **Upload**.
4. Click **Browse** and select the plugin package. Usually the plugins provided with the WordPress theme could be found in the **sources/plugins** folder. When you found the plugin package click **Open**, then **Upload**.
5. When the upload procedure is done you need to activate the plugin. Use the **Activate Plugin** link.